


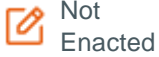


STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
 Enacted	<p>Clean Energy and Renewable Portfolio Standards</p> <p>10% renewable energy by 2015</p> <p>Establishing Policies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HB 1123 (2008) 	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	2008
 Not Enacted	<p>Electricity Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Targets</p> <p>Electricity greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets are set by a state to limit GHG emissions in the electricity sector. These targets aim to reduce emissions by different amounts over time, often expressed as percentage relative to a baseline year.</p>	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	
 Not Enacted	<p>Clean Energy Plans</p> <p>Clean energy plans are documents that outline the policies and strategies states can implement to meet clean energy targets. Draft plans are often published first, and after a period of public comments and revisions, a final plan is released.</p>	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
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Distributed Generation Carve-out



The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into “components”, which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled.

Establishing Policies

- [SPOT – Generation Carve-outs in South Dakota](#)

Policy Components

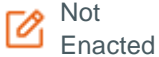


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Electricity

Clean Energy Generation

Net Metering



The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into “components”, which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled.

Establishing Policies

- [SPOT - Net Metering in South Dakota](#)
- [SPOT - Aggregate Net Metering in South Dakota](#)

Policy Components



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Electricity

Clean Energy Generation

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
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Shared Renewables



The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into “components”, which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled.

Establishing Policies

- [SPOT - Shared Renewables in South Dakota](#)

Policy Components



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Electricity

Clean Energy Generation

Community Choice Aggregation

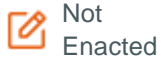


Community choice aggregation allows local governments to procure power on behalf of their residents, businesses, and municipal accounts from an alternative supplier while still receiving transmission and distribution service from their existing utility provider.

Electricity

Clean Energy Generation




Energy Storage Targets



Energy storage targets establish procurement targets for energy storage systems by a certain date, often with interim targets. Targets can vary from broad megawatt (MW) requirements to more specific mandates that focus on the adoption of certain storage technologies.

Electricity

Transmission, Distribution, and Energy Storage

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Interconnection Standards				
 Enacted	<p>South Dakota received a D grade from Freeing the Grid.</p> <p>Establishing Policies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Freeing the Grid South Dakota Grade (2023) 	Electricity	Transmission, Distribution, and Energy Storage	2023
Coal Phaseouts				
 Not Enacted	<p>Coal phaseouts establish a target year by which states must end coal-fired power generation.</p>	Electricity	Coal Retirement	
Coal Plant Securitization				
 Not Enacted	<p>Coal securitization is a financing tool that allows utility companies to refinance debt they issued to build coal plants and close the facilities early without taking a financial hit or passing costs on to ratepayers.</p>	Electricity	Coal Retirement	